

$$C + I + G + X = 250 + 75 + 90 + (24 - 22) = 417$$

GDP

$$GDP - \text{consumption of fixed capital} = 417 - 25 = 392$$

NDP

$$NDP - \text{net foreign income earned by U.S. abroad} = 392 - 20 = 372$$

NI

$$NI - \text{social security} - \text{corp. income taxes} - \text{undistributed profits} - \text{other household income} = 372 - 15 - 40 - 35 + 22 = 294$$

PI

$$PI - \text{PI} = 294 - 40 = 254$$

DI

$$C + I + G + X = 70 + 18 + 20 + 2 = 110$$

GDP

$$GDP - \text{NDP} = 110 - 105 = 5$$

(from chart)

$$\text{Consumption} - \text{savings} = \text{Disposable Income} = 70 + 5 = 75$$

68. GDP NDP
 110 - 105 = 5
 (from chart)

Since no net foreign factor or income earned outside of us by citizens is listed we must assume that number is zero. GDP = GNP

$$C + I + G + X = (140 - 10) + 40 + 84 + (9 - 12) = 307$$

DI savings

$$74. \text{ GDP} - \text{consumption of fixed capital} = \text{NDP}$$

$$307 - 52 = 255$$

$$75. \text{ NDP} - \text{net foreign factor} + \text{Other U.S. income earned abroad} = \text{NNP}$$

$$255 - 10 + 0 = 245 - 22 = 223$$

$$76. \text{ DI} - \text{personal taxes} = 228$$

$$190 + 38 = 228$$

(from chart)

$$77. \text{ Gross. Dom. Private Investment} - \text{consumption of fixed capital} = \text{net investment}$$

$$46 - 52 = -6$$

Investment is business's money spent on increasing/improving productive capacity. Consumption of fixed capital is the loss of productive capacity caused by use (wear+tear). This economy is losing value faster than it is being replaced.